ProxIMed

Exploration and Implementation of Products with Alternative Proteins in Mediterranean Region

Transforming Protein Landscape in the Mediterranean

MANUELA PINTADO (mpintado@ucp.pt)







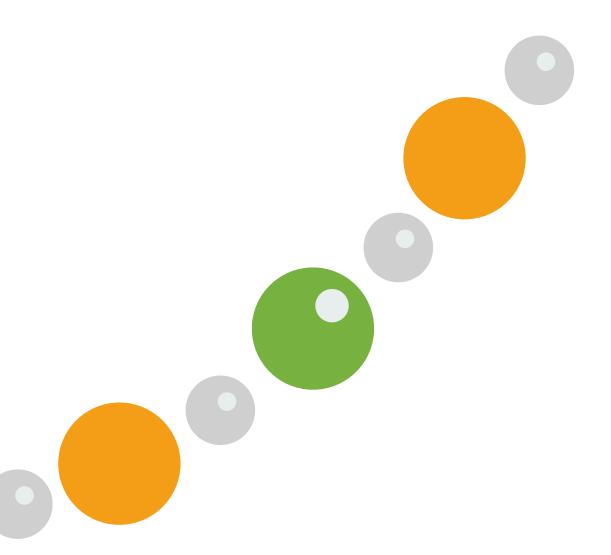


Our Mission

> ProxIMed aims to revolutionize protein consumption in the Mediterranean region through innovation and sustainability.

> The project focuses on developing over **20 alternative protein products** with the active involvement of consumers, industry partners, and innovative technologies.

By reducing environmental impact, improving food security, and enhancing food choices, ProxIMed strives to shape a healthier and more sustainable future for the Mediterranean population.









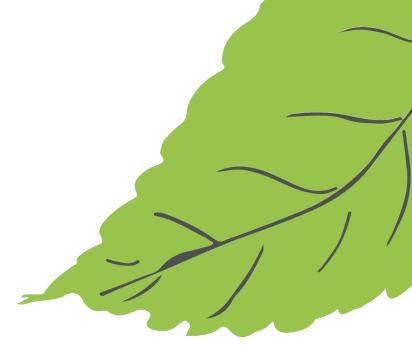
Our Vision

"A future where alternative protein sources redefine diets, promoting health and sustainability."

> In this vision, ProxIMed envisions a shift towards protein sources that not only meet dietary needs but also align with ecological and economic goals.

By integrating **low-input and available raw materials** with **innovative extraction processes**, ProxIMed seeks to create a **paradigm shift in the way people perceive and consume proteins** in the Mediterranean.

The vision extends beyond product development, aiming to instill a **long-lasting positive impact on health, the environment, and the overall well-being of communities in the region**.

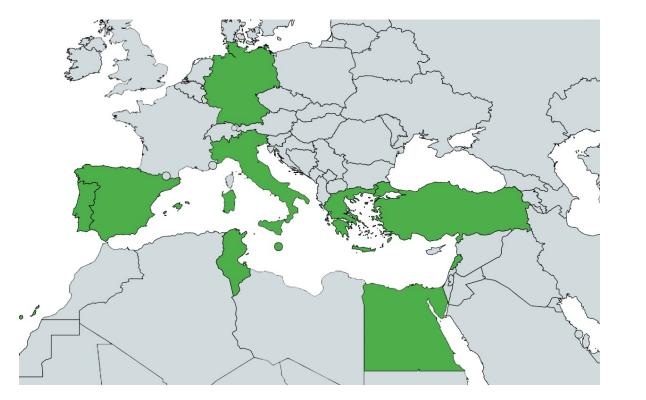


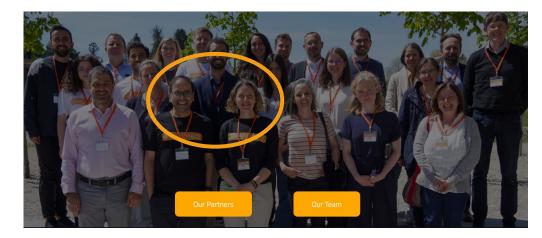






Our Reach







10 Countries



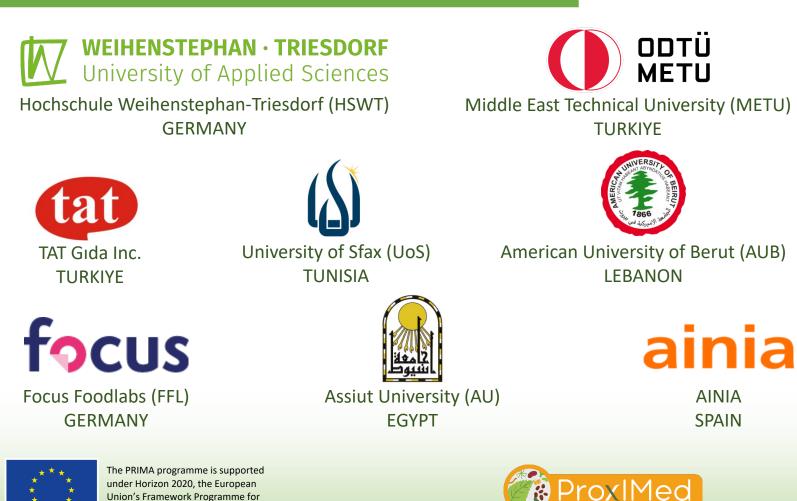






Our Partners

Research and Innovation



GreenSurvey Institut für Marktforschung Prof. Dr. Menrad GmbH Green Survey (GS) **GERMANY**



Aristotle University Thessaloniki (AUTh) GREECE

ペDIL Deutsche Institut für Lebensmittel (DIL) **GERMANY**

AINIA

SPAIN



Our Partners



Malta College of Arts, Science and Technology (MCAST) MALTA



Uluova Dairy Company (UL) TURKIYE





University of Parma (UNIPR) ITALY



Universidade Catolica Portuguesa (UCP) PORTUGAL



Arid Regions Institute (IRA) TUNISIA







Our Worklist

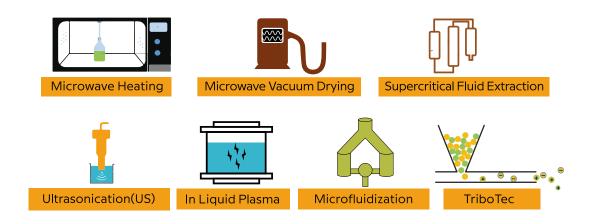
Alt-protein Source	Products to be Developed	Partner		Alt-protein Source	Products to be Developed	Partner
Tomato Pomace	Fermented vegetable pickle in protein enriched solution Protein powder as an ingredient	TAT/METU	X	Mycoprotein	Powder as food ingredient Capsules as supplement Dessert / Snack	ANIA /UCP
Tomato Leaf	Fermented vegetable pickle in protein enriched solution Protein powder as an ingredient	TAT/METU		Algae/Date/ Sesame cake	Dairy substitutes	UL
Faba Beans	Easy mix vegan/vegetarian meatballs: A powder mix to prepare meat ball analogues Protein powder as an ingredient	HSWT/FFL	Same and the second sec	Insects	Protein powder as an ingredient Food products will be determined based on consumer studies (e.g. sport nutrition snack bars; meat and fish analogues) Animal feed	AINIA/PS/DIL
Sesame Cake	Tahini enriched with sesame protein Protein powder as an ingredient	AUB Sonaco Al Rabih		Lentil	Protein powder as an ingredient	HSWT
Date by-product	Protein powder as an ingredient	UoS/IRA	860	Chia Seed	Protein powder as an ingredient	HSWT
Microalgae	Protein powder as an ingredient Capsules as supplement	UoS		Mallow	Protein powder as an ingredient Capsules as supplement	METU







Pre-processing/Extraction/Fractionation Methods



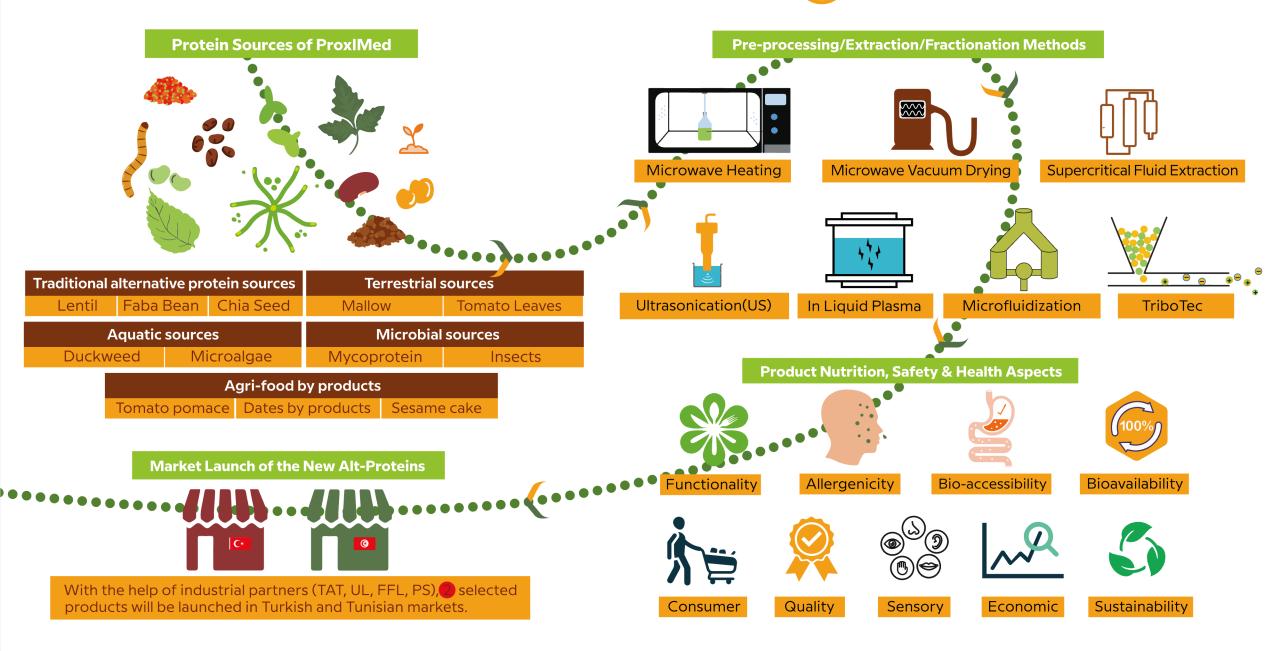














Partnership for Research and Innovation in the Mediterranean Area



Exploration and Implementation of Products with Alternative Proteins in Mediterranean Region

UNIVERSIDADE CATÓLICA PORTUGUESA









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July 24th, 2024









The PRIMA programme is supported under Horizon 2020, the European Union's Framework Programme for Research and Innovation



Friday 9 August 2024



WP2: Consumers' acceptance

Task 2.1. Consumers' general interest in alternative protein products: (TAT, UoS, UCP)

WP3: Protein production through innovative technologies:

Task 3.6. Single cell mycoprotein production and characterization (*AINIA*, *UCP*)

Task 3.9. Technofunctional and nutritional properties of the proteins (METU, HSWT, AUB, UoS, IRA, AINIA, UCP, DILx)

WP4: Product development and sensorial evaluation:

Task 4.1. Mapping of the potential applications of the alternative protein ingredients (UCP, TAT, UL, METU, HSWT1, HSWT2, AUB)

Task 4.2. Product development with new sources of proteins (UCP, TAT, UL, METU, HSWT1, HSWT2, AUB)

WP6: Health, Nutrition and Safety Aspects

Task 6.4. Safety assessment including evaluation of allergenicity/toxicity of products







Task 2.1. Consumers' general interest in alternative protein products: (TAT, UoS, UCP)

Focus group





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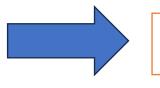
11th and 12th June 2024

ProxIMed



Task 3.6 Single cell mycoprotein production (AINIA, UCP)

Four different species of yeast and molds (two yeast and two molds) by AINIA.



Characterization of biomasses in terms of protein content an amino acids profile



distribution

- Protein functional propertiesMolecular weight (MW)
 - using FPLC
 - Quantification of protein
 - Quantification of amino acid content.

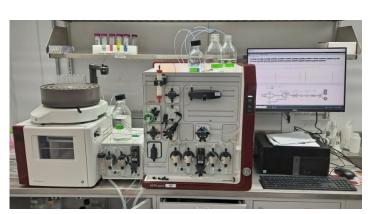


Figure 1. FPLC



Figure 2. Micro Kjeldahl method

Task 3.6 Single cell mycoprotein production and characterization (AINIA, UCP)

Task 3.9 Technofunctional and <u>nutritional properties</u> of the proteins (METU, HSWT, AUB, UoS, IRA, AINIA, UCP, DIL)

Table 1 . Proximate chemical composition of the Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Fusarium venenatum biomass andtwo Quorn products used as comparison benchmark. 6.25 factor for protein conversion.

Component (%)*	Saccharomyces cerevisiae	Fusarium venenatum	Quorn Chicken	Quorn Mince	Myco- <i>Rhizopus</i> Myco- (inactivat Pekilo Quorn Veast- <i>Rhodotor P.</i> <i>Rhodotor maximae</i>
Total protein %	45.39 ± 0.55	32.25 ± 1.96	56.44 ± 1.20	50.91 ± 1.29	ed)
Fat%	0.62 ± 0.06	4.70 ± 0.56	4.68 ± 0.24	2.94 ± 0.35	Total DF (% DW) 56,4 31,1 26,3 9,4 37,3
Ash %	4.97 ± 0.83	7.75 ± 0.03	6.31 ± 0.06	4.42 ± 0.11	Insoluble
Total carbohydrates**	49.02 ± 0.76	55.3 ± 1.56	32.57 ± 1.48	41.73 ± 0.89	dietary fibre 53,2 23,5 21,1 7,8 36,2
Total fiber %	45.20	39.87	29.50	35.38	(% dm) Soluble
Insoluble dietary fiber %	38.40 ± 0.82	36.71 ± 0.23	27.30 ± 0.90	33.35 ± 3.21	dietary fibre (% 3,2 7,6 3,2 1,6 1,1
Soluble dietary fiber %	6.80 ± 1.45	3.16 ± 0.79	2.2 ± 0.31	2.03 ± 0.08	dm) DOI: 10.1016/j.foodres.2024.114146
Total Glucan	24.09 ± 1.73	12.7 <mark>6 ± 0.61</mark>	17.54 ± 2.06	18.00 ± 0.09	DOI:10.3390/foods11223621
Alpha Glucan	16.73 ± 1.19	7.52 ± 0.07	9.74 ± 0.83	7.40 ± 1.87	
Beta Glucan	7.36 ± 0.54	5.24 ± 0.54	7.79 ± 2.88	10.60 ± 1.96	







ESCOLA SUPERIOR DE BIOTECNOLOGIA

Future work

Monascus purpúreos biomass



Cyberlindnera jadinii biomass

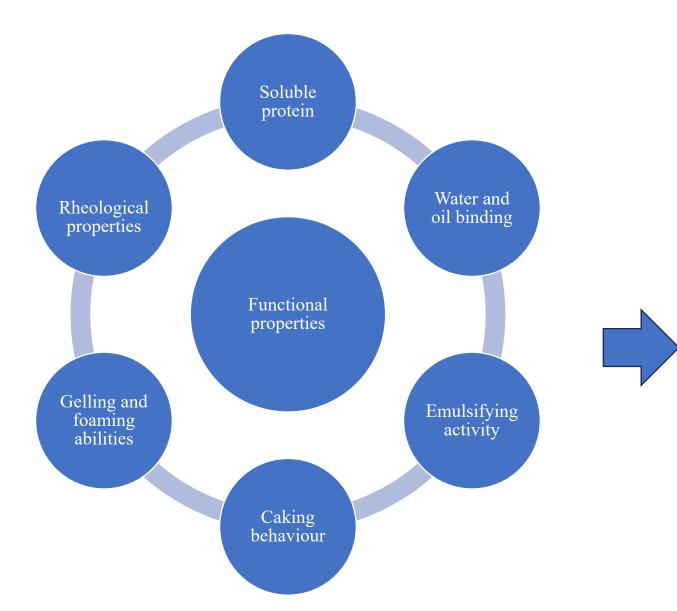


- Proximate analysis (Protein, fat, ash, fiber, glucan...)
- Analysis of Amino Acids by HPLC-Fluorescence Fatty acids by GC
- Protein functional properties
- Curve solubilization (BCA)
- Antioxidant activity (ABTS, ORAC, FRAP)



The production will begin on 29th july

Task 3.9 Technofunctional and nutritional properties of the proteins (METU, HSWT, AUB, UoS, IRA, AINIA, UCP, DIL)



Enhancing the texture, flavor, and sensory attributes of food items, making them suitable for widespread use in the food industry and offering various benefits.

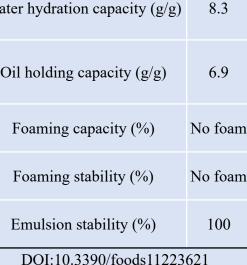
Task 3.9 Technofunctional and nutritional properties of the proteins (METU, HSWT, AUB, UoS, IRA, AINIA, UCP, DIL)

Table 2. Functional properties of the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. *Fusarium venenatum* biomass and two Quorn products used as comparison benchmark

	Saccharomyces cerevisiae	Fusarium venenatum	Quorn chicken	Quorn mince	Wate
WBC (g/g)	0.65 ± 0.04	3.91 ± 0.51	5.00 ± 0.18	5.14 ± 0.07	Ο
OHC (g/g)	1.30 ± 0.11	4.44 ± 0.42	4.47 ± 0.21	4.87 ± 0.48	Ū.
FA (cm)	0.00 ± 0.00	0.00 ± 0.00	0.00 ± 0.00	4.55 ± 0.00	
FS (min)	0.00 ± 0.00	0.00 ± 0.00	0.50 ± 0.00	13.64 ± 0.00	
ES (%)	90.00 ± 0.00	87.5 ± 0.00	83.33 ± 0.00	80.00 ± 0.00	_ 1

1: Water holding capacity (WBC); 2: Oil holding capacity (OHC); 3: Foaming ability; 4: Foaming

stability (after 30s);.5: Emulsion capacity (after 30 min) (EC); 6: Emulsion stability (after 24h) (ES)



Functional properties



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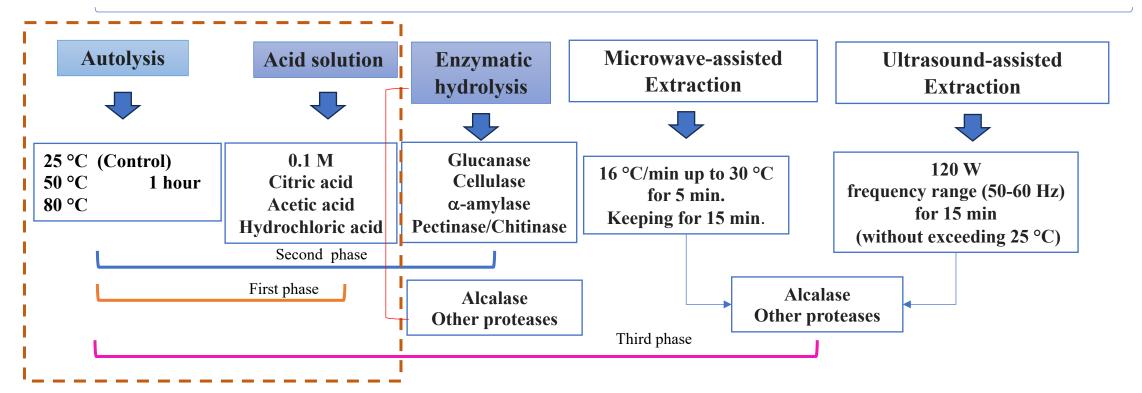


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Task 3.6 Single cell mycoprotein production and characterization (*AINIA*, *UCP*) Mycoprotein Hydrolysis – development of bioactive peptides











Task 3.6 Single cell mycoprotein production and characterization (AINIA, UCP)

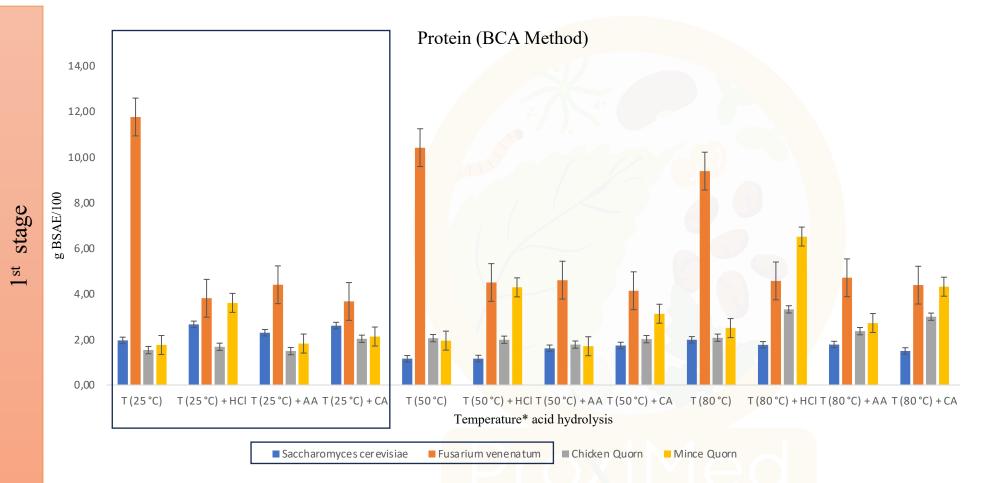


Fig. 17. Average relative protein determined with the BCA assay for the following temperatures (25, 50, and 80 °C) and acid treatment with 0.1 M Hydrochloric acid (HCl) acetic acid (AA) and citric acid (CA) of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae. Fusarium venenatum* biomass and two Quorn products (w/w).



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Task 3.6 Single cell mycoprotein production and characterization (AINIA, UCP)

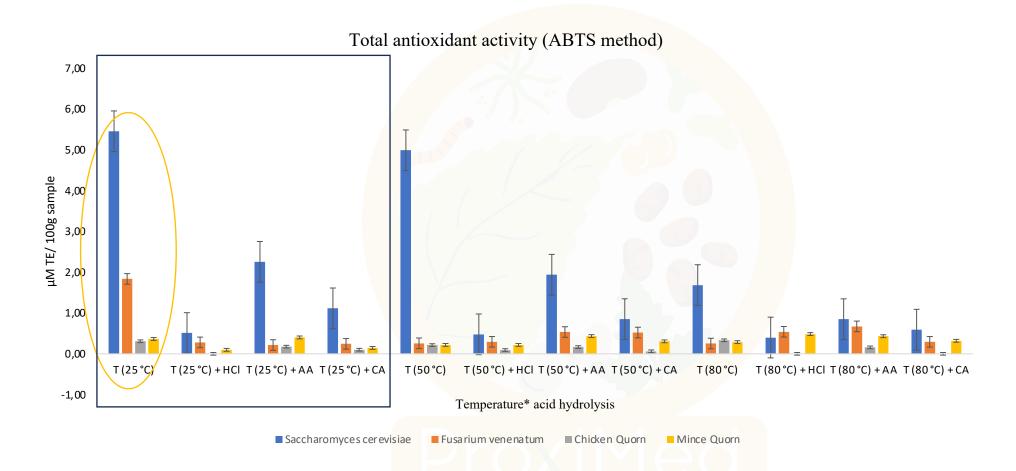


Figure 19. Total antioxidant activity (ABTS method) of the *Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Fusarium venenatum and* Quorn products fractions (supernatants). TE: Trolox equivalents; DM: dry matter



stage

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Task 4.2. Product development with new sources of proteins (UCP, TAT, UL, METU, HSWT1, HSWT2, AUB)





Development of innovative/new mycoprotein products for the market



Salty snack

Sustainable ingredients Mycoprotein flour Aromatic herbs Salt flower

Pepper



Mycoprotein bar snack

Sustainable ingredients

Mycoprotein flour

Brewers spent grain

Pea or chickpea flour







Task 4.2. Product development with new sources of proteins (UCP, TAT, UL, METU, HSWT1, HSWT2, AUB)

Ingredient (g/100 g)	PB00	PB10	PB20	PB30
Whey protein isolate or Pea or chickpea flour (Control)	40	36	32	28
Mycoprotein	-	10	20	30
Brewers spent grain	18	12	6	-
Glycerol	16	16	16	16
Liquid sorbitol	20	20	20	20
20% (w/w) salt solution	1	1	1	1
Peanut Butter	5	5	5	5



Table 3. The proximate composition of model high-protein nutrition bars with different formulations.

Improve the textural properties of the formulation and increase the level of fiber (second nutritional claim).



Proximate chemical composition and functional properties.

Task 6.4 Safety assessment including evaluation of allergenicity/toxicity of products

Bioactivities analysis before gastrointestinal tract simulation (INFOGEST 2.0)

- ✓ Antioxidant Activity ABTS, ORAC and FRAP Method
- ✓ Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme-I Inhibition Assay (iACE)
- ✓ Mutagenicity Evaluation—AMES Assay
- ✓ Antimicrobial Activity
- ✓ Fatty Acid Permeability Assay
- ✓ Tyrosinase Inhibition Assay
- ✓ α-Glucosidase Inhibition Assay
- ✓ Cytotoxicity Assay
- ✓ Determination of heavy metals (Pb, Cd, Cu, Fe, Cr, Sr and Ni)

Bioactivities analysis during and after gastrointestinal tract simulation (INFOGEST 2.0)

- ✓ Antioxidant Activity ABTS, ORAC and FRAP Method
- ✓ Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme-I Inhibition Assay (iACE)
- ✓ Mutagenicity Evaluation—AMES Assay
- \checkmark Antimicrobial Activity
- ✓ Fatty Acid Permeability Assay
- ✓ Tyrosinase Inhibition Assay
- ✓ α-Glucosidase Inhibition Assay
- ✓ Cytotoxicity Assay
- ✓ Determination of heavy metals (Pb, Cd, Cu, Fe, Cr, Sr and Ni)



Dialysis

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PORTO



Proving their additional potential health benefits, as well as demonstrate safety, including the absence of allergenicity.

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Thank you.

We are ready for your questions.











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